



index.php?article_id=57 URL
SEO URL /read/intro-to-symfony



YAML XML PHP
Symfony
attributes route controller



PHP 8

Symfony Flex

```
# config/routes/attributes.yaml
controllers:
    resource:
        path: ../../src/Controller/
        namespace: App\Controller
    type: attribute

kernel:
    resource: App\Kernel
    type: attribute
```

Symfony App\Controller
PSR-4 src/Controller Symfony
controller

/blog URL controller

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
    #[Route('/blog', name: 'blog_list')]
    public function list(): Response
    {
        // ...
    }
}
```

blog_list ルート URL
BlogController リスト メソッド

URL パターン blog_list ルート URL

YAML XML PHP ルート

YAML XML PHP ルート

blog_list ルート YAML/XML/PHP ファイル blog_list ルート URL
BlogController リスト メソッド

```
# config/routes.yaml
blog_list:
    path: /blog
    # the controller value has the format 'controller_class::method_name'
    controller: App\Controller\BlogController::list

    # if the action is implemented as the __invoke() method of the
    # controller class, you can skip the '::method_name' part:
    # controller: App\Controller\BlogController
```

□ □ HTTP □ □

□□□□□□□□

HTTP □ □ GET □ POST □ PUT □ □ methods

□□□□□□□□□□□□

```
// src/Controller/BlogApiController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogApiController extends AbstractController
{
    #[Route('/api/posts/{id}', methods: ['GET', 'HEAD'])]
    public function show(int $id): Response
    {
        // ... return a JSON response with the post
    }

    #[Route('/api/posts/{id}', methods: ['PUT'])]
    public function edit(int $id): Response
    {
        // ... edit a post
    }
}
```

□□□□

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

condition □ □

```
// src/Controller/DefaultController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class DefaultController extends AbstractController
{
```

```

#[Route(
    '/contact',
    name: 'contact',
    condition: "context.getMethod() in ['GET', 'HEAD'] and request.headers.get('User-Agent') matches
'/firefox/i"',
    // expressions can also include config parameters:
    // condition: "request.headers.get('User-Agent') matches '%app.allowed_browsers%'"
)]
public function contact(): Response
{
    // ...
}

#[Route(
    '/posts/{id}',
    name: 'post_show',
    // expressions can retrieve route parameter values using the "params" variable
    condition: "params['id'] < 1000"
)]
public function showPost(int $id): Response
{
    // ... return a JSON response with the post
}

```

condition

Symfony

- context RequestContext
- request Symfony Request
- params

- env(string \$name) Environment Variable Processors
 - service(string \$alias) #[AsRoutingConditionService]
 - routing.condition_service ` use
Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Routing\Attribute\AsRoutingConditionService; use
Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Request;
- #[AsRoutingConditionService(alias: 'route_checker')] class RouteChecker { public function check(Request \$request): bool { // ... } }

```

    服务     service[]  条件   conditions []
    ```

// Controller (using an alias):
#[Route(condition: "service('route_checker').check(request)")]
// Or without alias:
#[Route(condition: "service('App\\Service\\RouteChecker').check(request)")]

```

路由配置文件

PHP 代码

条件 配置文件

PHP 代码

命令行

路由配置文件

Symfony 路由配置文件

debug

router 命令 Symfony 路由配置文件

```
php bin/console debug:router
```

Name	Method	Scheme	Host	Path
homepage	ANY	ANY	ANY	/
contact	GET	ANY	ANY	/contact
contact_process	POST	ANY	ANY	/contact
article_show	ANY	ANY	ANY	/articles/{_locale}/{year}/{title}.{_format}
blog	ANY	ANY	ANY	/blog/{page}
blog_show	ANY	ANY	ANY	/blog/{slug}

路由配置文件

```
php bin/console debug:router app_lucky_number
```

Property	Value	
Route Name	app_lucky_number	
Path	/lucky/number/{max}	
...	...	

```
| Options | compiler_class: Symfony\Component\Routing\RouteCompiler |
| | utf8: true |
+-----+-----+
```

router router URL URL  
match URL

```
php bin/console router:match /lucky/number/8
```

```
[OK] Route "app_lucky_number" matches
```



URL URL /blog  
URL URL slug  
/blog/my-first-post /blog/all-about-symfony

Symfony controller { } controller /blog/{slug}

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 // ...

 #[Route('/blog/{slug}', name: 'blog_show')]
 public function show(string $slug): Response
 {
 // $slug will equal the dynamic part of the URL
 // e.g. at /blog/yay-routing, then $slug='yay-routing'

 }
}
```

```
// ...
```

```
 }
}
```

URL {slug} PHP  
/blog/my-first-post URL Symfony BlogController show \$slug = 'my-  
first-post' show

URL /blog/posts-about-{category}/page/{pageNumber}

URL

blog\_show URL /blog/{slug} blog\_list URL  
/blog/{page}

URL /blog/my-first-post Symfony  
requirements {page}

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/blog/{page}', name: 'blog_list', requirements: ['page' => '\d+'])]
 public function list(int $page): Response
 {
 // ...
 }

 #[Route('/blog/{slug}', name: 'blog_show')]
 public function show($slug): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

requirements プロジェクト構造

PHP ファイル構造

\d+

URL Route パラメータ  
/blog/{page} blog\_list  
/blog/my-first-post blog\_show  
\$page = my-first-post \$slug = my-first-post

ルート定義 {parameter\_name} .  
ルート定義

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Annotation\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/blog/{page}<\d+>', name: 'blog_list')]
 public function list(int $page): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```



blog\_list URL /blog/{page} ルート定義  
/blog ルート定義

{page} ルート定義  
controller ルート定義

/blog ルート blog\_list ルート定義  
defaults ルート定義

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/blog/{page}', name: 'blog_list', requirements: ['page' => '\d+'])]
 public function list(int $page = 1): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

路由  
/blog/{page} blog\_list  
\$page  
1  
URL  
/blog/1  
/blog  
参数  
/blog/{page}  
要求  
{parameter\_name?default\_value}

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/blog/{page}<\d+>?1', name: 'blog_list')]
 public function list(int $page): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

框架  
Symfony  
路由  
YAML XML  
PHP

控制器

priority 优先级

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 /**
 * This route has a greedy pattern and is defined first.
 */
 #[Route('/blog/{slug}', name: 'blog_show')]
 public function show(string $slug): Response
 {
 // ...
 }

 /**
 * This route could not be matched without defining a higher priority than 0.
 */
 #[Route('/blog/list', name: 'blog_list', priority: 2)]
 public function list(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

priority 优先级

0

参数

控制器

ID

“param converter”

控制器

controller 控制器

BlogPost \$post

\$slug

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;
```

```

use App\Entity\BlogPost;
use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 // ...

 #[Route('/blog/{slug}', name: 'blog_show')]
 public function show(BlogPost $post): Response
 {
 // $post is the object whose slug matches the routing parameter

 // ...
 }
}

```

BlogPost  
slug  
404

BlogPost "param converter"  
slug  
Symfony

Doctrine param conversion #[MapEntity] route  
#[MapEntity]

#[MapEntity]

PHP Symfony

```

// src/Controller/OrderController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use App\Enum\OrderStatusEnum;
use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class OrderController extends AbstractController
{

```

```
#Route('/orders/list/{status}', name: 'list_orders_by_status')
public function list(OrderStatusEnum $status = OrderStatusEnum::Paid): Response
{
 // ...
}
```



Symfony

- `_controller` Symfony
- `_format` Request が “`json`” または `application/json` Content-Type
- `_fragment` URL #
- `_locale` Symfony

Symfony

\_fragment が Symfony



```
// src/Controller/ArticleController.php
namespace App\Controller;

// ...

class ArticleController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route(
 path: '/articles/{_locale}/search.{_format}',
 locale: 'en',
 format: 'html',
 requirements: [
 '_locale' => 'en|fr',
 '_format' => 'html|xml',
],
)]
 public function search(): Response
 {
 }
}
```



defaults



```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/blog/{page}', name: 'blog_index', defaults: ['page' => 1, 'title' => 'Hello world!'])]
 public function index(int $page, string $title): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```



URL 亂碼  
/ share/{token} 亂碼 token 亂碼 / 亂碼

parameter requirements 亂碼

```
// src/Controller/DefaultController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class DefaultController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/share/{token}', name: 'share', requirements: ['token' => '.+'])]
 public function share($token): Response

```

```
{
 // ...
}
}
```



Route alias リネーム

```
config/routes.yaml
new_route_name:
 alias: original_route_name
```

original\_route\_name → new\_route\_name  
リネーム



リネーム

```
new_route_name:
 alias: original_route_name

this outputs the following generic deprecation message:
Since acme/package 1.2: The "new_route_name" route alias is deprecated. You should stop using it, as it
will be removed in the future.

deprecated:
 package: 'acme/package'
 version: '1.2'

you can also define a custom deprecation message (%alias_id% placeholder is available)
deprecated:
 package: 'acme/package'
 version: '1.2'
 message: 'The "%alias_id%" route alias is deprecated. Do not use it anymore.'
```

new\_route\_name リネーム

\_\_\_\_\_  
%alias\_id% \_\_\_\_\_  
%alias\_id% \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ %alias\_id% \_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_ /blog \_\_\_\_\_ Symfony

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ controller \_\_\_\_\_ #[Route]

\_\_\_\_\_

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

#[Route('/blog', requirements: ['_locale' => 'en|es|fr'], name: 'blog_')]
class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/{_locale}', name: 'index')]
 public function index(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }

 #[Route('/{_locale}/posts/{slug}', name: 'show')]
 public function show(string $slug): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

\_\_\_\_\_ index \_\_\_\_\_ blog\_index \_\_\_\_\_ URL \_\_\_\_\_ /blog/{\_locale} show \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ blog\_show \_\_\_\_\_ URL \_\_\_\_\_ /blog/{\_locale}/posts/{slug} \_\_\_\_\_ \_locale  
\_\_\_\_\_ class \_\_\_\_\_



Symfony \$request->attributes["name"] name "request  
Request \$request->get("name") parameters["name"] "request  
"request

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Request;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/blog', name: 'blog_list')]
 public function list(Request $request): Response
 {
 $routeName = $request->attributes->get('_route');
 $routeParameters = $request->attributes->get('_route_params');

 // use this to get all the available attributes (not only routing ones):
 $allAttributes = $request->attributes->all();

 // ...
 }
}
```

services RequestStack Twig app  
RequestStack app.current\_route app.current\_route\_parameters



Symfony  
RequestStack app.current\_route app.current\_route\_parameters



Symfony route

## URL

RedirectController URL

```
config/routes.yaml

doc_shortcut:
 path: /doc
 controller: Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\RedirectController
 defaults:
 route: 'doc_page'
 # optionally you can define some arguments passed to the route
 page: 'index'
 version: 'current'
 # redirections are temporary by default (code 302) but you can make them permanent (code 301)
 permanent: true
 # add this to keep the original query string parameters when redirecting
 keepQueryParams: true
 # add this to keep the HTTP method when redirecting. The redirect status changes
 # * for temporary redirects, it uses the 307 status code instead of 302
 # * for permanent redirects, it uses the 308 status code instead of 301
 keepRequestMethod: true
 # add this to remove all original route attributes when redirecting
 ignoreAttributes: true
 # or specify which attributes to ignore:
 # ignoreAttributes: ['offset', 'limit']

legacy_doc:
 path: /legacy/doc
 controller: Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\RedirectController
 defaults:
 # this value can be an absolute path or an absolute URL
 path: 'https://legacy.example.com/doc'
 permanent: true
```

## URL

URL UNIX https://example.com/foo/
 URL https://example.com/foo URL

URL 亂数

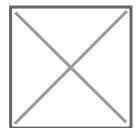
URL 亂数

URL 亂数

Symfony 亂数

URL 亂数

GET □ HEAD 亂数



乱数

host 亂数

HTTP

□ /

乱数

```
// src/Controller/MainController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class MainController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/', name: 'mobile_homepage', host: 'm.example.com')]
 public function mobileHomepage(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }

 #[Route('/', name: 'homepage')]
 public function homepage(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

host 亂数

```
// src/Controller/MainController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
```

```

use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class MainController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route(
 '/',
 name: 'mobile_homepage',
 host: '{subdomain}.example.com',
 defaults: ['subdomain' => 'm'],
 requirements: ['subdomain' => 'm|mobile'],
)]
 public function mobileHomepage(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }

 #[Route('/', name: 'homepage')]
 public function homepage(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}

```

URL  
 subdomain  URL  
 subdomain 

URL  
 URL  


```

// src/Controller/CompanyController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

```

```
class CompanyController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route(path: [
 'en' => '/about-us',
 'nl' => '/over-ons'
], name: 'about_us')]
 public function about(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

HTTP

Symfony

locale

HTTP

locale  
locale

locale

```
config/routes/attributes.yaml
controllers:
 resource: '../src/Controller/'
 type: attribute
 prefix:
 en: "" # don't prefix URLs for English, the default locale
 nl: '/nl'
```

HTTP

locale

```
config/routes/attributes.yaml
controllers:
 resource: '../src/Controller/'
 type: attribute
 host:
 en: 'www.example.com'
 nl: 'www.example.nl'
```



HTTP

HTTP

Symfony

HTTP 请求

HTTP 响应

浏览器

```
// src/Controller/MainController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class MainController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/', name: 'homepage', stateless: true)]
 public function homepage(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

浏览器

kernel.debug 响应

- enabled: 未启用 UnexpectedSessionUsageException
- disabled: 已禁用

浏览器

## URL

浏览器

- URL: URL 地址栏 ;
- URL: URL

浏览器 URL 地址栏 HTML 响应 <a href="..."> 链接 URL

URL: URL 地址栏 blog\_show: URL slug = my-blog-post

浏览器 URL 地址栏 name

Symfony 响应

□□□□□□□  
FQCN □□□□

\_invoke□□ □□□□□□□  
Symfony □□□□□□□

Symfony □□□

```
// src/Controller/MainController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

final class MainController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/', name: 'homepage')]
 public function homepage(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

Symfony □□□□□□□      App\Controller>MainController::homepage .

## □ Controller □□□ URL

□□□□□□□

AbstractController □□□□□□□

generateUrl□□ □□□□

```
// src/Controller/BlogController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Generator\UrlGeneratorInterface;

class BlogController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/blog', name: 'blog_list')]
 public function list(): Response
 {
 // generate a URL with no route arguments
 $signUpPage = $this->generateUrl('sign_up');

 // generate a URL with route arguments
 }
}
```

```

$userProfilePage = $this->generateUrl('user_profile', [
 'username' => $user->getUserIdentifier(),
]);

// generated URLs are "absolute paths" by default. Pass a third optional
// argument to generate different URLs (e.g. an "absolute URL")
$signUpPage = $this->generateUrl('sign_up', [], UrlGeneratorInterface::ABSOLUTE_URL);

// when a route is localized, Symfony uses by default the current request locale
// pass a different '_locale' value if you want to set the locale explicitly
$signUpPageInDutch = $this->generateUrl('sign_up', ['_locale' => 'nl']);

// ...
}

}

```

AbstractController  
AbstractController

## Services URL

Symfony AbstractController generateUrl  
UrlGeneratorInterface

```

// src/Service/SomeService.php
namespace App\Service;

use Symfony\Component\Routing\Generator\UrlGeneratorInterface;

class SomeService
{
 public function __construct(
 private UrlGeneratorInterface $router,
) {}

 public function someMethod(): void
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

```

// generate a URL with no route arguments
$signUpPage = $this->router->generate('sign_up');

// generate a URL with route arguments
$userProfilePage = $this->router->generate('user_profile', [
 'username' => $user->getUserIdentifier(),
]);

// generated URLs are "absolute paths" by default. Pass a third optional
// argument to generate different URLs (e.g. an "absolute URL")
$signUpPage = $this->router->generate('sign_up', [], UrlGeneratorInterface::ABSOLUTE_URL);

// when a route is localized, Symfony uses by default the current request locale
// pass a different '_locale' value if you want to set the locale explicitly
$signUpPageInDutch = $this->router->generate('sign_up', ['_locale' => 'nl']);

}

}

```



## URL

Symfony URL

## JavaScript URL

JavaScript URL Twig path url Twig URL  
 JavaScript URL escape URL JavaScript URL

```

<script>
 const route = "{{ path('blog_show', {slug: 'my-blog-post'})|escape('js') }}";
</script>

```

URL URL JavaScript URL  
 FOSJsRoutingBundle



## URL

URL URL URL HTTP  
 URL URL http://localhost/  
 URL

default\_uri URL "request context"

```
config/packages/routing.yaml
framework:
 router:
 # ...
 default_uri: 'https://example.org/my/path/'
```



URL

```
// src/Command/SomeCommand.php
namespace App\Command;

use Symfony\Component\Console\Command\Command;
use Symfony\Component\Console\Input\InputInterface;
use Symfony\Component\Console\Output\OutputInterface;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Generator\UrlGeneratorInterface;
// ...

class SomeCommand extends Command
{
 public function __construct(private UrlGeneratorInterface $urlGenerator)
 {
 parent::__construct();
 }

 protected function execute(InputInterface $input, OutputInterface $output): int
 {
 // generate a URL with no route arguments
 $signUpPage = $this->urlGenerator->generate('sign_up');

 // generate a URL with route arguments
 $userProfilePage = $this->urlGenerator->generate('user_profile', [
 'username' => $user->getUserIdentifier(),
]);

 // by default, generated URLs are "absolute paths". Pass a third optional
 // argument to generate different URIs (e.g. an "absolute URL")
 $signUpPage = $this->urlGenerator->generate('sign_up', [], UrlGeneratorInterface::ABSOLUTE_URL);

 // when a route is localized, Symfony uses by default the current request locale
```

```
// pass a different '_locale' value if you want to set the locale explicitly
$signUpPageInDutch = $this->urlGenerator->generate('sign_up', ['_locale' => 'nl']);

// ...
}
}
```



URL  
getRouteCollection()

URL RouteNotFoundException

```
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Exception\RouteNotFoundException;
```

```
// ...
```

```
try {
 $url = $this->router->generate($routeName, $routeParameters);
} catch (RouteNotFoundException $e) {
 // the route is not defined...
}
```



URL

HTTPS

URL  
http://www.example.com

HTTP  
getContext()

URL

```
config/services.yaml
parameters:
 router.request_context.scheme: 'https'
 asset.request_context.secure: true
```



schemes

```
// src/Controller/SecurityController.php
namespace App\Controller;

use Symfony\Bundle\FrameworkBundle\Controller\AbstractController;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;
use Symfony\Component\Routing\Attribute\Route;

class SecurityController extends AbstractController
{
 #[Route('/login', name: 'login', schemes: ['https'])]
 public function login(): Response
 {
 // ...
 }
}
```

URI URL HTTPS path Twig URL  
URI URL HTTP URL URL

```
{# if the current scheme is HTTPS, generates a relative URL: /login #}
{{ path('login') }}

{# if the current scheme is HTTP, generates an absolute URL to change
 the scheme: https://example.com/login #}
{{ path('login') }}
```

URI scheme HTTP /login URL  
URI HTTPS

URI HTTPS  
URI

```
config/routes/attributes.yaml
controllers:
 resource: '../src/Controller/'
 type: attribute
 schemes: [https]
```

## URI URL

URI URL URI URL URI URI  
URI URL URI  
Symfony UriSigner URI

```

// src/Service/SomeService.php
namespace App\Service;

use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\UriSigner;

class SomeService
{
 public function __construct(
 private UriSigner $uriSigner,
) {
 }

 public function someMethod(): void
 {
 // ...

 // generate a URL yourself or get it somehow...
 $url = 'https://example.com/foo/bar?sort=desc';

 // sign the URL (it adds a query parameter called '_hash')
 $signedUrl = $this->uriSigner->sign($url);
 // $url = 'https://example.com/foo/bar?sort=desc&_hash=e4a21b9'

 // check the URL signature
 $uriSignatureisValid = $this->uriSigner->check($signedUrl);
 // $uriSignatureisValid = true

 // if you have access to the current Request object, you can use this
 // other method to pass the entire Request object instead of the URI:
 $uriSignatureisValid = $this->uriSigner->checkRequest($request);
 }
}

```

  	URI URI sign  \$expiration 	
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

```

// src/Service/SomeService.php
namespace App\Service;

```

```

use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\UriSigner;

class SomeService
{
 public function __construct(
 private UriSigner $uriSigner,
) {}

 public function someMethod(): void
 {
 // ...

 // generate a URL yourself or get it somehow...
 $url = 'https://example.com/foo/bar?sort=desc';

 // sign the URL with an explicit expiration date
 $signedUrl = $this->uriSigner->sign($url, new \DateTimeImmutable('2050-01-01'));
 // $signedUrl = 'https://example.com/foo/bar?sort=desc&_expiration=2524608000&_hash=e4a21b9'

 // if you pass a \DateInterval, it will be added from now to get the expiration date
 $signedUrl = $this->uriSigner->sign($url, new \DateInterval('PT10S')); // valid for 10 seconds from now
 // $signedUrl = 'https://example.com/foo/bar?sort=desc&_expiration=1712414278&_hash=e4a21b9'

 // you can also use a timestamp in seconds
 $signedUrl = $this->uriSigner->sign($url, 4070908800); // timestamp for the date 2099-01-01
 // $signedUrl = 'https://example.com/foo/bar?sort=desc&_expiration=4070908800&_hash=e4a21b9'
 }
}

```



Controller "App\\Controller\\BlogController::show()" requires that you provide a value for the "\$slug" argument.



\$slug



```
public function show(string $slug): Response
{
 // ...
}
```

slug URL  
/blog/show/{slug} {slug} URL  
\$slug = null

Some mandatory parameters are missing ("slug") to generate a URL for route  
"blog\_show".

slug URL  
blog\_show URL URL  
slug URL URL

```
$this->generateUrl('blog_show', ['slug' => 'slug-value']);
```

or, in Twig: Twig

```
{{ path('blog_show', {slug: 'slug-value'}) }}
```

Revision #1

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